#### 1. Marmaris Castle and Museum

- **History**: Built by the Ionians and later restored by the Ottomans in 1522, the castle now houses a museum showcasing artifacts from the region.
- **Cultural Significance**: It offers insights into the ancient civilizations that inhabited Marmaris and its surrounding areas.

## 2. Amos Ancient City

- Location: About 24 km from Marmaris, near the town of Turunç.
- **History**: Dating back to the Hellenistic period, Amos was a member of the ancient Carian city-states and features ruins of a theatre, temple, and city walls.
- Cultural Significance: Amos was an important trade city in ancient times.

## 3. Physkos Ancient City

- Location: Close to the center of Marmaris, Physics is located in the Asartepe region.
- **History**: The ancient city dates back to the Carian era and was part of the Rhodian Peraia in antiquity.
- Cultural Significance: It served as a major trade hub and port city in the region.

#### 4. Hydas Ancient City

- Location: Approximately 35 km from Marmaris in the Bozburun Peninsula.
- **History**: Hydas is an ancient Carian city with ruins of towers, tombs, and a small fortress
- Cultural Significance: Its location offered a strategic point for monitoring the surrounding areas.

### 5. Tashan and Kemerli Bridge

- Location: Located near the town of Hisarönü.
- History: The Tashan (stone inn) and the arched bridge are Ottoman-era constructions.
- **Cultural Significance**: These structures highlight Ottoman engineering and serve as a reminder of the region's role as a trade route.

#### 6. Sariana Tomb

- Location: Close to Marmaris Castle.
- **History**: The tomb is dedicated to Sariana, a respected holy figure from the Ottoman period.
- Cultural Significance: It is a religious and historical landmark, attracting visitors interested in local beliefs and traditions.

## 7. Ibrahim Aga Mosque

- Location: Located in the city center of Marmaris.
- History: Built in 1789 by Ibrahim Aga during the Ottoman period.
- **Cultural Significance**: It is one of the oldest surviving mosques in Marmaris and remains a place of worship.

## 8. Loryma (Bozukkale)

- Location: Situated near the Bozburun Peninsula.
- **History**: Loryma, also known as Bozukkale, was an ancient city and fortress used by both the Carians and Rhodians.
- Cultural Significance: Its strategic location on the Aegean Sea made it important for naval operations.

## 9. Knidos Ancient City (Near Datça Peninsula)

- Location: While not in Marmaris, Knidos is close to the Datça Peninsula, easily accessible from Marmaris.
- History: An ancient Greek city known for its harbor and the Temple of Aphrodite.
- Cultural Significance: One of the most significant archaeological sites in the region.

# 10. Selimiye & Bozburun Villages

- **History**: These villages are known for their traditional wooden gulet shipyards.
- Cultural Significance: Both Selimiye and Bozburun maintain the traditional boatbuilding culture that dates back to ancient times.

These sites reflect Marmaris' deep historical roots, from ancient Carian cities to Ottoman-era constructions, offering visitors a glimpse into the area's rich past.